AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Docket No.: M1071.1979

1. (Currently amended) A radar comprising:

a transmitter transmitting and receiving means for transmitting a transmission signal having an alternately repeating an upstream-modulation section in which a frequency gradually increases and a downstream-modulation section in which the frequency gradually decreases; and for

<u>a receiver</u> receiving a reception signal serving as <u>that is</u> a reflection signal of the transmission signal reflected from a target;

an analyzer frequency analyzing means for acquiring data on a frequency spectrum of a beat signal for the transmission signal and the reception signal;

an extractor pair extracting means for extracting, from among a plurality of first projecting portions appearing in the frequency spectrum of the beat signal in the upstream-modulation section and a plurality of second projecting portions appearing in the frequency spectrum of the beat signal in the downstream-modulation section, a pair of projecting portions resulting from caused by reflection of the transmission signal by an identical the target; and

a detector means for detecting a distance to the target and a relative speed with respect to the target in accordance with frequencies of the extracted pair of two projecting portions forming the pair, wherein

the extractor further pair extracting means includes means for predicting a center frequency of peak frequencies of the first and second projecting portions at a timing a certain period of point in time after a predetermined time based on timing in accordance with a peak frequency of a the first projecting portion at the predetermined

time, timing and for extracting a the pair of projecting portions acquired at the timing after the certain period of point in time in accordance with the center frequency.

2. (Currently amended) A radar comprising:

a transmitter transmitting and receiving means for transmitting a transmission signal having an alternately repeating an upstream-modulation section in which a frequency gradually increases and a downstream-modulation section in which the frequency gradually decreases; and for

<u>a receiver</u> receiving a reception signal serving as <u>that is</u> a reflection signal of the transmission signal reflected from a target;

an analyzer frequency analyzing means for acquiring data on a frequency spectrum of a beat signal for the transmission signal and the reception signal;

an extractor pair extracting means for extracting, from among a plurality of first projecting portions appearing in the frequency spectrum of the beat signal in the upstream-modulation section and a plurality of second projecting portions appearing in the frequency spectrum of the beat signal in the downstream-modulation section, a pair of projecting portions resulting from caused by reflection of the transmission signal by an identical the target; and

<u>a detector</u> means for detecting a distance to the target and a relative speed with respect to the target in accordance with frequencies of <u>the extracted pair of two</u> projecting portions forming the pair, wherein

the <u>extractor further</u> pair extracting means includes means for predicting a center frequency of peak frequencies of <u>the</u> first and second projecting portions at a

timing a certain period of point in time before a predetermined time based on timing in accordance with a peak frequency of a the second projecting portion at the predetermined time, timing and for extracting a the pair of projecting portions acquired at the timing before the certain period of point in time in accordance with the center frequency.

3. (Currently amended) The radar according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein

the <u>extractor pair extracting means</u> extracts the pair of projecting portions by using, as the <u>certain period of point in</u> time, nT satisfying a relationship, nT \approx fo/(2 Δ F·fm), wherein (here, n represents a desired natural number,), where T represents a measurement cycle in which the frequency analysis is performed, 1/fm represents a modulation cycle serving as a cycle including the upstream-modulation section and an adjacent the downstream-modulation section, fo represents a center frequency of the transmission signal, and Δ F represents a width of a frequency shift in the upstream-modulation section and the downstream-modulation section.

4. (Currently amended) A radar comprising:

a transmitter transmitting and receiving means for transmitting a transmission signal having an alternately repeating an upstream-modulation section in which a frequency gradually increases and a downstream-modulation section in which the frequency gradually decreases; and for

<u>a receiver</u> receiving a reception signal serving as that is a reflection signal of the transmission signal reflected from a target;

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an analyzer frequency analyzing means for acquiring data on a frequency spectrum of a beat signal for the transmission signal and the reception signal;

an extractor pair extracting means for extracting, from among a plurality of first projecting portions appearing in the frequency spectrum of the beat signal in the upstream-modulation section and a plurality of second projecting portions appearing in the frequency spectrum of the beat signal in the downstream-modulation section, a pair of projecting portions resulting from caused by reflection of the transmission signal by an identical the target; and

<u>a detector</u> means for detecting a distance to the target and a relative speed with respect to the target in accordance with frequencies of <u>the extracted pair of two</u> projecting portions forming the pair, wherein

the extractor further pair extracting means includes means for predicting a center frequency of peak frequencies of the first and second projecting portions at a predetermined timing time by using a the peak frequency of a the first projecting portion at a timing a certain period of first point in time before the predetermined timing time and a the peak frequency of a the second projecting portion at a timing the certain period of second point in time after the predetermined timing time, and for extracting a the pair of projecting portions acquired at the predetermined timing time in accordance with the center frequency.

5. (Currently amended) The radar according to Claim 4, wherein,

the extractor excludes a combination of the first and second projecting portions at the predetermined time from pair candidates:

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when a second projecting portion forming a the pair with the first projecting portion at the timing before the certain period of first point in time that is used for predicting the center frequency at the predetermined timing and that exhibits a frequency difference substantially equal to a difference between the peak frequencies of the first and second projecting portions forming the pair at the predetermined timing time does not exist, and/or

when a first projecting portion forming a the pair with the second projecting portion at the timing after the certain period of second point in time that is used for predicting the center frequency at the predetermined timing and that exhibits the frequency difference does not exist,

the pair extracting means excludes a combination of the first and second projecting portions at the predetermined timing from pair candidates.

6. (New) The radar according to Claim 2, wherein

the extractor extracts the pair of projecting portions by using, as the point in time, nT satisfying a relationship, nT \approx fo/(2 Δ F·fm), wherein n represents a natural number, T represents a measurement cycle in which frequency analysis is performed, 1/fm represents a modulation cycle including the upstream-modulation section and the downstream-modulation section, fo represents a center frequency of the transmission signal, and Δ F represents a width of a frequency shift in the upstream-modulation section and the downstream-modulation section.